



Rapid Recall Facts

Year 6 – Term 3

I know all the prime numbers up to 50.

By the end of this term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts **instantly**.

A **prime number** is a number with no factors other than itself and one.

The following numbers are prime numbers:

2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47

A **composite number** is divisible by a number other than 1 or itself.

The following numbers are composite numbers:

4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28,
30, 32, 34, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 42, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50

Key Vocabulary

prime number

composite number

factor

multiple

Children should be able to explain how they know that a number is composite.

E.g. 39 is composite because it is a multiple of 3 and 13.

Top Tips

The secret to success is practising **little** and **often**. Use time wisely. Can you practise these Rapid Recall Facts while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

It's really important that your child uses mathematical vocabulary accurately. Choose a number between 2 and 50. How many correct statements can your child make about this number using the vocabulary overleaf?

Make a set of cards for the numbers from 2 to 50. How quickly can your child sort these into prime and composite numbers? How many even prime numbers can they find? How many odd composite numbers?